STOUR VALLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL

HISTORY



Year 7		A S	TOTAL				
	1. Anglo-Saxons	2. Conquest	3. Empire	4. Medieval Clare	5. Queens	6. Church	7. Civil War
Enquiry	How did the Anglo- Saxons unify England?	Did the Normans bring a truck-load of trouble?	How did a small country like Britain gain such a large empire?	Was it all pongs, plague and peasants in Medieval Clare?	How should we remember England's Medieval Queens?	What happened when people challenged the church?	Why did England go to war with itself in 1642?
Learning sequence	When did this land become 'England'? How did Anglo-Saxon monarchs change England? How was England ruled in the 10 th Century?	Why was there a Norman invasion? How did the Normans keep control? How do you build 1000 castles? What changes did the Normans bring to Anglo- Saxon England? What is the legacy of the Norman Conquest today?	Why did Europe take over the world? Why go to the trouble of developing an empire? How did Britain maintain her empire? Who paid the price of the British Empire? The British Empire in 4 objects	How did everyday lives compare in Medieval Clare? What did Medieval Clare look like? Was your health your wealth in Medieval Clare? What was the impact of the Black Death in Clare? Did land mean power in Medieval Clare? What difference did the Clare Magna Carta barons make? How were crimes punished in Medieval Clare?	How successful was Matilda? Was Isabella right to rebel against her husband? What were Eleanor's greatest achievements?	What was the appeal of the Medieval church? How powerful was the Church? Henry v. Becket: who had the most power? How do we get to the truth about Becket's murder? Why go on crusade? What was the legacy of the Crusades? Why was Martin Luther angry? How did Tudor monarchs respond to the Reformation? What was the impact of the Reformation in England?	Why was trouble brewing in the leadership of England in 1640? What was 'new' about the New Model Army? From wives & mothers to nurses and spies Why execute the king? Did Oliver Cromwell bring more of the same?
Substantive concepts	Invasion, monarch, kingdom government, tax, battle	Conquest, military power, defence, social hierarchy, legacy, suppression, resistance	Empire, colony, trade, colonial power, industrialisation, wealth, suppression, arms, racism, rights, propaganda, commonwealth	Agriculture, peasant, land, pandemic, medicine, feudal power, law, poverty, harvest, wages	Dynasty, royal power, succession, crusade, queen, matriarch, crusade	Catholicism, Protestantism, Church, state, courts, law, reformation, dissolution, excommunication	Civil war, parliament, government, acts, puritanism, military, strategy, short-term causes, long-term causes, army, MPs
Scope	British 8th-10th Century	British Depth 11th Century	Australian, European 16th-19th Century	12-15 th Century local study	British & French 12-15th Century	European & Middle Eastern 12 th Century-16 th Century thematic study	British 17 th Century
Disciplinary knowledge focus	Change	Change and continuity	Consequence	Similarity & difference	Historical significance	Consequence	Causation
No of lessons	5	10	10	14	5	13	9
Stopgap focus	Chronology	Sources and interpretations: message & reliability	Moving from description to supported explanation	Second order concepts & summaries	What makes one person, event or change more significant than another?	Reliability and provenance	Why are sources different?
K&U	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Written assessment	No	Did the Normans bring a 'truck-load of trouble' as Schama suggests after AD1066?	Source evaluation	How did the Black Death affect Clare?	How should we remember England's Medieval Queens?	What happened when people challenged the church?	Source comparison of Charles I's execution
Revisits / builds upon	KS2 Anglo-Saxons	Anglo-Saxon legacy, invasion, monarch, battle	Invasion, suppression, conquest, legacy	Social hierarchy, trade, tax, wages	Monarchy, legacy,	Crusade	Government, battle, taxation, revolution
'Meanwhile elsewhere' independent study opps	Why was Baghdad the place to be in the 10 th Century? Should the Great Wall of China be considered a great wonder of the world?	Who were the real Samuri warriors?	The consequences of the British Empire in sources and Interpretations	Why did Pope Gregory IX hate cats? Who was Genghis Khan and how did he create the Mongol Empire? How powerful was Melisende and why did she need a husband? Who was Al-Jazari and what was 'The Book of Knowledge of Ingenious Mechanical Devices'? How did the King Philip II change France? How was Mansa Musa, Emperor of Mali, the richest person in history?	What were the biggest triumphs of the Islamic Empire?	What is the history behind your favourite chocolate? What is the story behind 'El Dorado'?	Was Guy Fawkes set up? Why did Prince Rupert of the Rhine take his dog into battle?
Enrichment opportunities		Archaeological digs in Clare Castle Country Park, online lessons from Cotswold Archaeology		Clare visit: complete Clare Town Trail Online talk from Paul R Davies ('Three Chevrons Red')		'Murder in the Cathedral' performance.	

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HISTORY



Year 8	1	e After Gree	V A	A PARK	旅社	VOTES MOMEN	Ô
	1.Slavery	2.Industrialisation	3.Changing Lives	4.World War One	5.Witches	6.People Power	7.United Kingdom?
Enquiry	What was the impact of the Transatlantic slave trade? What caused the Industrial Revolution?		Was the Victorian era an age of improvement?	What were the causes and consequences of World War One?	Why was there a witch craze in the 17 th Century?	How do people bring about change when they don't have much power?	What's the history behind the Union Jack?
Learning sequence	How was slavery ever justified? How did theTriangular Salve Trade operate? What did the slave code allow people to do? Were all plantation owners harsh? What was the impact of slavery on the Ashanti Empire and Britain? How successful were the abolitionists?	Why study the Industrial Revolution? What were the 3 main causes of the Industrial Revolution in Britain? How did transport developments support Industrialisation? Why did the population in Britain 'explode'? How did Britain feed itself?	How did National changes affect the life of one Hugenot in Suffolk? How can we get to the truth about 19th Century factory life? Why did the changes during the Industrial Revolution lead to political reform? How did Jon Snow change established attitudes to health? Why were some parents reluctant to send their children to school? What difference did a police force make? If Britain was the richest nation on earth, why was there poverty in Britain?	Did a sandwich really trigger WW1? How 'great' was the Great War? Did we learn the truth about the Western Front? Part1: Somme, Part 2: censorship How did WW1 change Britain? What is the impact of total war on Europe? How did WW1 end? What was the impact of the Treaty of Versailles?	Why did people believe in witches? 'Anatomy of a witch-hunt': How did a typical witch-hunt come about? Were there more witches in our area than elsewhere? Why do historians disagree about the increase in witch hunts? Witch trials couldn't happen today could they?	Did Boudicca succeed in bringing about change? How successful was the Peasants' Revolt? Were the methods used by the Chartists successful? How powerful are cartoonists? What really brought about female suffrage in Britain?	Why isn't the Wesh dragon on the Union Jack? Who fought who at the Battle of Culloden? What did the Good Friday agreement achieve?
Substantive concepts	Slavery, human rights, abolition, protest, political, economic	Revolution, transportation, power sources, population, mortality, factory, mechanisation, urban, rural, enclosure,	Trade unions, political, reform, poverty, slums, public health, law enforcement, industrialists, police, law and order, local authority, evidence, scientific theory	Alliance, trigger event, censorship, morale, total war, treaty, media, home front	Intolerance, extremism, puritan, persecution, supernatural, witch trail, witch hunt, famine, historiography	Dissent, riot, petition, lobbying, Roman Empire, suffrage, voting, ballot, democracy, massacre, political cartoons, satire, looting, violent protest, non-violent protest, elections	Partition, flag, national, independent nation, union, devolved parliament, assembly, devolution, compromise, negotiation, referendum
Scope	World Depth Study 17 th -19 th Century	British 18th-19th Century	British 18th-19th Century thematic	British Depth Study 20th Century	USA 17th and 20th Century, British, local 17th Century	British local and national Thematic	UK 16th – 21st Century
Disciplinary knowledge focus	Consequence	Causation	Change and continuity	Consequence	Causation	Historical significance	Causation
No of lessons	11	7	11	12	8	11	6
Stopgap focus	How do you measure impact in History?	How to reach a considered judgement	What makes a source useful?	Why do different viewpoints exist about the same event?	Comparing sources	How to summarise	Personal learning review
K&U	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Written assessment	What was the impact of the Transatiantic slave trade?	What really caused the Industrial Revolution?	Was the Victorian era an age of improvement?	What were biggest consequences of World War One?	What lay behind the increase in witch hunts in 17th Century?	'The Suffragettes did the most to get women the vote in Britain'. How far do you agree?	No
Revisits / builds upon previous concepts	Trade, colony, empire, legacy, law, parliament	Industrialisation, agriculture, Victorian (KS2), protestants, acts/laws	Industrialisation (human/local impact), Victorian, urban, rural, enclosure, factory	Propaganda, war, army, long-term and short-term causes, commonwealth,	Puritans, Protestants,	Protest, media, parliament, pandemic, Celts (KS2)	parliament, government, acts, MPs election
'Meanwhile elsewhere' opps for independent study	Who were the real 'Pirates of the Caribbean'? How did the slave trade in South America compare to the Triangular Slave Trade?	Why was Marie Antoinette sent to the guillotine? Why did Britain have a German King George? How 'Great' was Catherine 'the Great'?	The history of the Suffolk silk mills Which of Hogarth's images do you think best reflects the impact of gin on British society? Why did the police never catch "Jack the Ripper'? Why did so many Irish people emigrate to the USA?	What happened to the Romanovs in 1917? Were Concies 'brave' or 'cowards'? How to discover the stories behind your war memorial. What is my family's connection with WW1?	Why do Americans speak English? What happened during the Great Fire of London? Did Puritans have any fun?	What did the Romans do for us? Did Emily Davison really intend to die for her cause?	What is the story behind the 'Stars and Stripes' flag of the USA? Why does the Union Jack flag appear in the flag of New Zealand?
Enrichment opportunities	Norwich Castle Museum		Local silk mill worker interviews	Belgium Battlefields/ Ypres Salient WW1 themed day Participation in local Remembrance Day events		Visit to the Museum of London	

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Year 9	Civil Rights	Russia	Immigration	Holocaust	WW2	Post War Britain
Enquiry	How did the USA try to overturn centuries of inequality?	Did Communism make Russia an equal society?	What has been the impact of immigration in Europe?	How can we prevent the Holocaust from happening again?	What was the key turning point in WW2?	How did the world shape the modern United Kingdom?
Learning sequence	What was life like for African Americans in 1945? What difference did the de-segregation of education make? How effective is non-violent protest? How did students improve African American civil rights? How different were Martin Luther-King and Malcolm X? What impact did the media have in the African American Civil Right movement? How successful was the protest at Selma?	What made Marx and Engel's ideas appealing to many Russians? How does communism compare to capitalism? Why was the Bolshevik October Revolution successful? Was the Revolution Russia's resolution? Joseph Stalin: national hero or cold-blooded murderer?	Where do refugees come from? Is immigration anything new? Who are Britain's oldest immigrants? How did Jews influence British society? How did Jews influence British society? How did the UK treat post WW2 immigrants? What has been the impact of immigration in the UK?	Why were there 2 sides of Jewish life in Europe before 1933? What were the Nazis' views on race? How did anti-Semitism increase in Germany between 1918-1938? What was life like in the Warsaw Ghetto? What role did the Einsatzgruppen play in the Final Solution? What was the significance of Wannsee? Were all death camps the same? Auschwitz and Treblinka Could the Holocaust happen again?	What caused WW2? Was appeasement cowardly? Was 1940 Britain's finest hour? How effective was 'Operation Overlord' What role did Resistance, Bletchley and Enigma play in ending WW2? Why do Russians remember the 'Great Patriotic War'? Was the attack on Pearl Harbour more significant than the atomic bomb on Hiroshima?	Why was there a Cold War? What impact did the Cold War have on the UK? Why did the lights go out in the 1970s? How did TV bring the world into our living room? Where does our food come from? How has the European Union influenced modern Britain? What influenced the women's rights movement in the UK?
Substantive concepts	African American, non-violence, direct action, boycott, march, segregation, equality	Communism, capitalism, dictatorship, tsar/tsarina, revolution (social/political context), manifesto, superpower	Immigration, antisemitism, migration, refugees, asylum seekers, nationalism, xenophobia, riot	Sho'ah, holocaust, genocide, ghetto, concentration camp, untermenschen, ubermenschen, testimonials	Nuclear war, blitz, policy, spies, intelligence,	Crisis, cold war, feminism, stand-off, inflation, economic union, culture.
Scope	USA 20 th Century Depth Study	USSR 20th Century Depth	European 9th- 21th Centuries	European 20 th Century Depth	Global Thematic 20th Century	British Depth 20 th C.
Disciplinary knowledge focus	Change and continuity	Similarity and difference	Consequence	Causation	Historical significance	Consequence
No of lessons	10	9	9	10	14	14
Stopgap focus	Framing historical research	Comparing sources	Reaching a judgement	Linking causation	Historical significance	Review of KS3
K&U	Yes	Yea	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Written assessment	Selma source evaluation	Did Communism make Russia an equal society?	What has been the impact of immigration in Europe?	How can we prevent the Holocaust from happening again?	What was the key turning point in WW2?	How did the world shape the United Kingdom after WW2?
Revisits / builds upon previous concepts	Slavery, human rights, abolition, protest, subjugation, racism, prejudice	Communism	Persecution, discrimination, segregation, protest, racism	Segregation, anti-Semitism,	Alliance, trigger event, censorship, morale, total war, treaty, media, rationing & evacuees (KS2), home front	Post WW2 immigration, economic/economy, democracy.
'Meanwhile elsewhere' opps for independent study	What was life in South Africa like for young Nelson Mandela?	Was Chairman Mao good for China? Who was responsible for the sinking of the Titanic? What made the Ford car company so unusual?	Why did so many Europeans emigrate to the USA after the 1880s?	Why did Gandhi go on a salt march in India? What happened at the first ever FIFA World Cup? Who were Bonnie and Clyde? Why was Al Capone one of America's most wanted men?	Kamikaze pilots Who was Vasily Zaitsev? Was 'Saving Private Ryan' a true story? How on earth did the Germans fall for 'Operation Mincemeat'?	Who assassinated JFK? Why is Bloody Sunday remembered in Northern Ireland?
Enrichment opportunity			Immigration Nation themed day		IWM workshops Visit to USAAF Lavenham	